# **Open Water Information Architecture**

# System Requirements Document Version 2.0

# OWIA Technical Working Group

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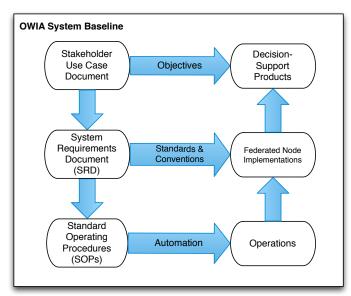
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#### 1 Introduction

This document contains the functional and technical requirements for the *Open Water Information Architecture (OWIA)* and is called the *OWIA System Requirements Document (SRD)*. It has within it an Appendix:B Standards and Conventions that contains narrative explanations that are referred to within individual requirements where appropriate. This is done because the requirements are meant to be terse, declarative, testable statements that are not overloaded with narrative exposition. There are two companion documents to the SRD: (1) the subordinate document *OWIA Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs)* and the (2) parent document *California Council for Science and Technology (CCST) Stakeholder Use Case* document.

The SOPs are compliant with the requirements specified here yet written at a more detailed level of abstraction with examples of programming code or sometimes pseudo-code to exemplify the implementation details important to developers as well as precisely documenting the processing steps (i.e., procedures) used to operate on data. It is meant to be analogous to an *OWIA Programmer's Guide* and, as the OWIA implementation proceeds, there will be open-source code repositories with *minimal working examples (MWE)* for use in improvements and innovations to current procedures and applications implementing those procedures.

Each of these documents is intended for a technical audience although it is hoped that they are comprehensible to a motivated non-technical reader. There is a glossary in the back of the SRD to aid in navigating the technical language and as an effort to disambiguate some of the terms for which there may be competing and inconsistent def-



**Figure 1:** Relationship between system baseline documents and operations.

initions. In addition to these two, there is a third document that contains the stakeholder use cases used to develop the stakeholder objectives from each use case. These objectives are being used to define and constrain the requirements contained in the SRD and the procedures for satisfying them defined in the SOPs.

The SRD and SOPs are designed to provide a foundation for a community-based *OWIA* development of a federated set of cyberinfrastructure resources (i.e., computers, networks, data, metadata, and standards and conventions) that are interoperable and highly-automated to minimize labor as well as idiosyncratic anomalies. We therefore refer to them as the *baseline documents* (Figure 1). The objective of these baseline documents is to establish a framework for sustainable water resource management and to formalize that framework to a degree exemplified by other systems of standard methods such as those found in [7].

The federated nature of the OWIA extends to its (1) human governance structure as well as its (2) cyber-infrastructure (cf. Section 3 and Figure 3). Therefore we speak of the OWIA federation as including both these aspects and will differentiate the two parts contextually when using the term. The *open* aspect means open-access, open-source and open-architecture: encouraging innovation and automation while precluding the siloing and stove-piping that occurs when proprietary software and systems pose restrictive technology dependencies and requirements. The planning horizon is open-ended although intended to provide for a near-term operational system with an initial operating capability (IOC) within 1-2 years evolving to a final operating capability (FOC) over five (5) years that is operationally sustainable while responsive to technology innovation and risk minimization (i.e, cost, schedule, technical and operational) over its lifetime.

The approach is to follow standard system engineering practices [31] that: (1) define stakeholder ob-

jectives and, from these, (2) enumerate functional requirements in terms of functional components and major interfaces both of which are implementation-independent, and (3) enumerate technical requirements which specify fundamental technical features such as network transfer rates, storage capacities, reliability, maintainability and availability (RMA), interface dependencies and contingencies and similar quantitative or qualitative requirements at a level of specificity (or abstraction) that is more detailed than the functional requirements on which they are based. It is also designed to present an initial evaluation of some of the obvious design trade-studies to explicate and focus on the key risk areas related to technical, schedule, cost and operational risks.

This is an interative and recursive, hierarchical design approach (Figure 2) which prioritizes *Stakeholder Objectives*, *Functional Requirements*, and *Technical Requirements* respectively and cross-correlates them to each other via a *traceability matrices* (Section 4) to ensure that there are no *widows or orphans* in the sense that there are no unsupported Objectives or Functional Requirements (i.e., widows) as well as no lower-level design features that are not specified in the Functional Requirements (i.e., orphans). As a development methodology, the system engineering method used here is sometimes contrasted with the agile development method. Every methodology has pros and cons and the reason we use this approach for the OWIA is because we already know a great deal about what is needed to improve access-to and reuse-of the collective set of water resource data and the OWIA focus is on the data content. This is not primarily a process of discovery and prototyping of software applications. For a broader discussion of the pros and cons of alternative software development approaches, the reader is encouraged to consider the discussions provided in [27] and [31].

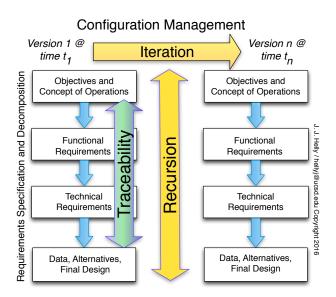
Finally, some historical perspective is helpful. This document is meant to integrate the thinking on water resource information broadly and digital data about water resources specifically. The OWIA concept developed independently of the AB1755 legislation [1][29] that is currently, as of this writing, driving many efforts across the State of California to comply with its mandates and schedule. Fortuitously, the development of the OWIA and the activation of AB1755-related efforts overlap strongly such that AB1755 requirements are a subset of the broader OWIA requirements. The implementation of the OWIA will satisfy the requirements of AB1755 and support the Sustainable Groundwater Management Act (SGMA) in such a way that we can treat AB1755 as an OWIA use-case as described in Appendix E. The OWIA concept is a reflection and integration of a wide range of on-going efforts especially those in the UC WATER Security and Sustainability Research Initiative and CITRIS [9], California Council on Science and Technology (CCST), the Center for Western Weather and Water Extremes (CW3E)[36], the San Diego Supercomputer Center (SDSC) [4, 16, 12, 18, 15, 39, 33, 14, 30, 5, 11, 34, 17, 6, 2, 13, 20] and the UC Santa Barbara Bren School. We expect to grow this community to include private California universities, national laboratories and private sector partners as we go.

# 2 Project Management Approach

Figure 2 depicts the overall management approach used for this project and graphically summarizes it in the context of a *system engineering framework*. The system engineering framework is a set of methods and procedures for specifying design constraints to minimize the risk that a sought-after system implementation will successfully perform its intended functions. The output of this process is a system design and implementation that is *verifiably compliant with the functional and technical requirements* for the system and which can be *validated against the stakeholder objectives*.

### 2.1 The Differences Between Objectives, Functional Requirements, Technical Requirements and Design Alternatives

In designing and building any type of system the first step is to describe what it is that you want to accomplish by building the system. These are the objectives. Sometimes these are called stakeholder objectives. They should be stated as simple declar-



**Figure 2:** Conceptual representation of the system engineering process. *Reproduced from* [19].

ative sentences focused on what the stakeholder wants the system to do. The language should be as non-technical as possible in order for the broadest understanding and consensus across the lay stakeholders who typically have diverse backgrounds and experience. On the other hand, the *functional requirements* are the translation of the objectives into engineering terms (i.e., functions using more precise technical language) describing how the objectives will be met. This is the first level of abstraction in specifying how the system will be implemented (Figure 2).

The articulation of objectives is often a stumbling block for stakeholders and developers alike because it poses a bit of chicken and egg or floor versus ceiling ambiguity. The way to get past this is focus on the description, often through workshops of stakeholders, of examples of usage without worrying very much whether something is an objective or a functional requirement. These can be re-factored by a *technical working group* once they are articulated. The most important thing is to articulate and document examples of how the system will be used. Once this process has an initial iteration, the system requirements document (SRD), can be maintained through configuration management of versions over time to provide accountability, via traceability tables, to the stakeholders as well as a path forward for developers and a contractually-applicable basis for acceptance testing for contract managers.

# Concept of Operation

The OWIA system will be operated to produce standardized data of documented quality needed by stakeholders, as defined by the objectives, such as (1) figures, (2) tables, (3) statistics, and (4) analyses.

#### 3.1 Definition of the OWIA System

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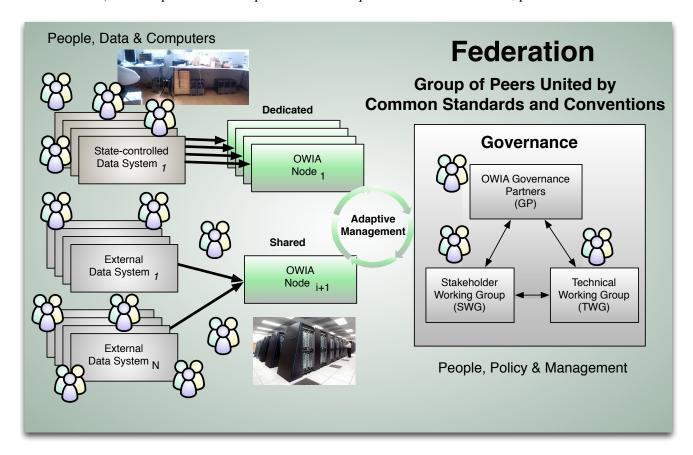
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The *OWIA system* is a federated collection of data systems, cooperating through a shared governance process, standards and conventions, standard interfaces (i.e., APIs, network protocols), and verifiable compliance with requirements. The system structure supports adherence to open-data standards and principles and guided by a set of functional requirements such as accessibility, interoperability, discoverability, and traceability.

Open-data means that the data are free to use, re-use, and redistribute with no restrictions on their use [41, 37]. A federated system does not require a central catalogue or a single interface to such a catalogue. Rather, the federation permits the formation of one or more common catalogues (cf. Figure 4, Curated Collections) as an implementation dependent on the requirement for standardized, published metadata.



**Figure 3:** Illustration of the OWIA federation concept with a triumvirate governance structure of partners (OWIA-GP) supported by interacting stakeholder working group (SWG) and the technical working group (TWG). The federation is comprised of dedicated OWIA system implementations to enable individual data providers to independently integrate the OWIA system into their existing methods and procedures within their operations. Shared OWIA system implementations provide the flexibility for the harvesting of non-compliant data sources into an OWIA system implementation that will support the OWIA federation without insisting that the producers be OWIA compliant.

#### 268 3.2 Governance

The OWIA governance structure is modeled on that of the Internet Engineering Task Force (IETF) [24]. The
IETF governance structure is modified to reflect the exigencies of the needs of California stakeholders and
the mission agencies responsible for management leadership: the OWIA Governance Partners (OWIA-GP).
The OWIA-GP are responsible for the direction of the system, policy, prioritization and resourcing of
work, and curation of the OWIA system baseline. This group cooperates with Stakeholder Working Group
(SWG) and the Technical Working Group (TWG) to ensure that the OWIA federation.

#### 275 3.2.1 Technical Working Group (TWG)

The *Technical Working Group (TWG)* is responsible for the identifying, adopting, approving data standards, data publication approaches, and controlling functional and technical requirements.

#### 278 3.2.2 Stakeholder Working Group (SWG)

The Stakeholder Working Group (SWG) is responsible for informing the OWIA Governance Partners of the intended uses of the OWIA system, and providing iterative feedback on the effectiveness of the system to meet their requirements.

# 282 4 Functional Requirements

#### 283 4.1 FR-100-100: Data Acquisition

Manual and automated methods shall be provided for data acquisition. Data at the acquisition stage of OWIA processing shall be referred to as *Level 0* data.

#### 286 4.1.1 FR-100-110: Manual

Manual data acquisition methods shall provide metadata conforming the the OWIA minimum metadata standard.

#### 289 4.1.2 FR-100-120: Automated

Automated data acquisition methods shall provide metadata conforming to the OWIA minimum metadata standard.

#### 292 4.2 FR-200-100: Quality Control

No data transformation shall require the use of proprietary software, methods or special-purpose computing platforms for data processing and transportation. Data that has received quality control processing according to OWIA standards and conventions shall be referred to as *Level 1* data.

#### 296 4.2.1 FR-200-110: Verification

Data verification shall be accomplished according to OWIA standards and conventions (cf. Appendix A).

**4.2.1.1 FR-200-120: Documentation** Documentation shall be provided according to OWIA standards and conventions (cf. Appendix A).

- 4.2.1.2 FR-200-130: Reproducibility All data products shall be verifiably reproducible by an anonymous second-party from the input data, metadata and the processing methods used to produce the data product.
- 4.2.1.3 FR-200-140: Data Traceability All data products shall be traceable to their parent data sources to the extent that a data product composed of multiple input data sources shall be decomposable and traceable to its parents.
- 306 4.2.2 FR-200-150: Standardization
- All data products shall conform to the OWIA standards and conventions (cf. Appendix A).
- **4.2.2.1 FR-200-160: Metadata Conventions** Metadata shall be provided according to OWIA standards and conventions (cf. Appendix A).
- **4.2.2.2 FR-200-160: File-naming Conventions** File-name shall be performed according to OWIA standards and conventions (cf. Appendix A).
- **4.2.3** FR-200-170: Interoperable Transformation
- All data transformations shall be achievable with open-source, non-proprietary software, non-proprietary data formats and commodity computers.
- **4.2.3.1 FR-200-180: Separation of Data and Computation** Data and computation shall be separated between data files and stored procedures.
- 4.2.3.2 FR-200-190: Data Interoperability All data products shall be interoperable across OWIA-supported computing platforms and be able to be operated on using non-proprietary, open-source software and commodity computers and communications systems to operate on them or transport them.
- 4.2.3.3 FR-200-200: Products or Resources Data products shall be developed in accordance with the objectives as per section ??.
- 322 4.3 FR-300-100: Publication
- Data shall be published according to OWIA standards and conventions (cf. Appendix A).
- 324 4.3.1 FR-300-110: Cross-Referencing-Service
- Data objects shall be registered with a cross-referencing service.
- 4.3.1.1 FR-300-120: Assignment of Digital Object Identifiers A digital object identifier (DOI) shall be acquired for each Level 1 digital object according to the OWIA standards and conventions (cf. Appendix A).
- 329 4.3.2 FR-300-130: Packaging
- Packaging shall conform to OWIA standards and conventions (cf. Appendix A).

- 4.3.2.1 FR-300-140: Compression Methods Compression methods shall be non-lossy and conform to OWIA standards and conventions (cf. Appendix A).
- **4.3.2.2 FR-300-150: Archive File Formatting** Archive file formats shall be only those conforming with OWIA standards and conventions.
- 335 4.3.3 FR-300-160: Archival
- Data shall be archived in trusted data archives with external interfaces to provide for data access and transportation to end-users and applications.
- 4.3.3.1 FR-300-170: Open Access Distribution All data products shall be accessible using OWIA standard protocols or transportable external media where network transport is impossible or impractical.
- 340 4.4 FR-400-100: Data Traceability
- Data traceability shall be provided according to OWIA standards and conventions (cf. Appendix A).
- 342 4.4.1 FR-400-110: Metadata Production
- All data products shall have metadata provided with them sufficient to meet the OWIA minimum metadata standard.
- 345 4.4.2 FR-400-120: Intellectual Property Rights Management
- Metadata shall be produced according to the OWIA standards and conventions (cf. Appendix A).
- **4.4.3 FR-400-130: Public Law Compliance**
- All data and metadata products shall comply with relevant public law requirements.
- 349 4.4.4 FR-400-140: Licensing
- Licensing of data and metadata shall conform to OWIA standards and conventions (cf. Appendix A).
- 351 4.4.5 FR-400-150: Liability
- Liability limitations shall be declared with each data object through the metadata in conformance with OWIA standards and conventions (cf. Appendix A).
- 354 4.4.6 FR-400-160: Searching
- Minimal metadata shall be provided to meet OWIA standards and conventions for search and discovery.
- **4.4.6.1 FR-400-170: Cross-referencing System Integration** Cross-referencing system integration shall be based on a digital objects DOI.
- **4.4.6.2 FR-400-180: Search Engine Optimization** Search-engine optimization shall be based on the metadata associated with the DOI as a minimum.

#### 360 4.4.7 FR-400-190: Version Control

- Source code, data and metadata shall be version-controlled in conformance with OWIA standards and conventions (cf. Appendix A).
- **4.4.7.1 FR-400-200: Binary Data** A version control method shall be provided for binary data products in accordance with OWIA standards and conventions (cf. Appendix A).
- **4.4.7.2 FR-400-210: Non-Binary Data** A version control method shall be provided for non-binary data products in accordance with OWIA standards and convetions.

#### 367 4.4.8 FR-400-220: Anomaly Reporting

There shall be a method for reporting of anomalies detected in the data products and there shall be a method of tracking the anomalies for resolution and notification of those that have obtained the anomalous data products that an anomaly has been reported and a method for determining the resolution of the anomaly.

### 371 4.5 FR-500-100: System Portability

System portability shall be provided such that any implementation of the OWIA system is portable to other platforms in conformance with OWIA standards and conventions (cf. Appendix A).

#### 374 4.5.1 FR-500-110: Backup and Restore

Backup and restore capabiltiy shall be provided using interoperable procedures and systems according to OWIA standards and conventions (cf. Appendix A).

#### 4.5.2 FR-500-120: Platform Portability

Platform portability shall be provided in conformance with OWIA standards and conventions (cf. Appendix A).

#### 380 4.6 FR-600-100: External Interfaces

External interfaces shall be provided for data acquisition and open-access to data products.

#### 4.6.1 FR-600-110: Data and Metadata Acquisition

External interfaces shall be provided supporting the data sources in Appendix ??.

#### 384 4.6.2 FR-600-120: Data and Metadata Distribution

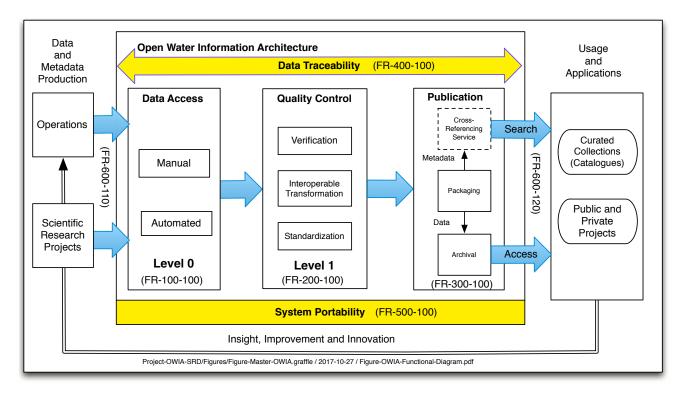
External interfaces to end-users and applications shall be provided supporting those listed in ??.

# **5 Technical Requirements**

The technical requirements are subordinate and traceable to the functional requirements above and have a higher-level of engineering detail and more precise, more technical language. This is the first level suffi-

ciently specific to require decision-making about engineering trade-offs and what types of hardware, soft-

ware and data representations qualify to be included in an OWIA-node.



**Figure 4:** OWIA system (cf. section 3.1) functional block diagram. Parenthetical references point to the governing functional requirements.

Table 1: Definition of OWIA classes of datasets.

Dataset Class	Provenance	Transformation	Quality Control	Metadata	Published
Level 0	cf. Table 2	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Level 1	Traceable to Level 0 parent	Interoperable	SOPs	Listing 1	DOI, Archived
Level 2	Traceable to multiple Level 1 parents (composite, decomposable)	Interoperable	SOPs	Listing 1	DOI, Archived

#### 391 **5.1 TR-100-100-00100: Data Acquisition Methods**

#### 392 5.1.1 TR-200-200-00100: Data Transformation Methods

All data transformations shall be accomplished with open-source, non-proprietary software and commodity computers for data processing and transportation.

#### 395 5.1.2 TR-200-300-00100: Programming Languages

Data processing shall be realized through the use of stored procedures written in the GNU programming languages.

#### 398 **5.1.3** TR-200-400-00100: Data Interoperability

All data products shall be interoperable across OWIA-supported computing platforms and be able to be operated on using non-proprietary, open-source software and commodity computers and communications systems to operate on them or transport them.

#### 402 5.1.4 TR-200-5000-00100: Products (List Derived Products traceable to Objectives)

### 403 5.1.5 TR-300-100-00100: Data Traceability

All data products shall be traceable to their parent data sources to the extent that a data product composed of multiple input data sources shall be decomposable and traceable to its parents.

#### 406 5.1.6 TR-300-100-00200: Reproducibility of Data Products

All data products shall be verifiably reproducible by an anonymous second-party from the input data and the method used to produce the data product.

#### 409 **5.2** TR-400-100-00100: Standardization

#### 410 5.2.1 TR-400-100-00200: Metadata

- All data products shall have metadata provided with them sufficient to meet the OWIA minimum metadata standard.
- 5.2.1.1 TR-400-100-00300: Resolution of Metadata conflicts All conflicts in metadata standards and conventions shall be subject to the determination of the TWG.
- 5.2.1.2 TR-400-100-00400: Controlled Vocabulary All metadata shall be populated with controlled vocabulary drawn from the following standards.:
- 5.2.1.3 TR-400-100-00500: Climate and Forecasting Conventions Climate and Forecasting conventions shall be used when suitable.
- 5.2.1.4 TR-400-100-00600: Federal Geographic Data Committee (FGDC) Geospatial Metadata Standards And Guidelines FGDC standards and guidelines shall be used when suitable.
- 5.2.1.5 TR-400-100-00700: Open-Geospatial Consortium Standards and Guidelines Open-Geospatial Consortium standards and guidelines shall be used when suitable.

- 423 5.2.2 TR-400-100-00800: Mapping Standards
- 5.2.3 TR-400-100-00900: Numerical Accuracy and Precision Standards
- 425 5.2.4 TR-400-100-01000: Measures of Uncertainty
- 426 5.2.5 TR-400-100-01100: File Naming Convention
- 427 **5.3** TR-600-100-00100: Data Publication
- 428 5.3.1 TR-600-100-00200: Methods
- 5.3.1.1 TR-600-100-00300: Assignment of Digital Object Identifiers
- 430 5.3.2 TR-600-100-00400: Metadata Production
- 431 **5.3.3 TR-600-100-00500: Open Access Distribution**
- 5.3.4 TR-600-100-00600: Intellectual Property Rights Management
- All data products shall be accessible using OWIA standard protocols or transportable external media where
- network transport is impossible or impractical.
- 435 5.3.4.1 TR-600-100-00700: Public Law Compliance
- 436 5.3.4.2 TR-600-100-00800: Licensing
- 437 5.3.5 TR-600-100-00900: Discovery
- 438 5.3.5.1 TR-600-100-01000: Cross-referencing System Integration
- 439 5.3.5.2 TR-600-100-01100: Search Engine Optimization
- 440 5.3.6 TR-600-100-01200: Packaging
- 441 5.3.6.1 TR-600-100-01300: Compression Methods
- 442 5.3.6.2 TR-600-100-01400: Archive File Formatting
- 443 5.3.7 TR-600-100-01500: Version Control
- 444 5.3.7.1 TR-600-100-01600: Binary Data
- 445 5.3.7.2 TR-600-100-01700: Non-Binary Data
- 446 5.3.8 TR-600-100-01800: Anomaly Reporting
- 447 **5.4 TR-600-100-00100: System Interoperability**
- 448 5.4.1 TR-600-100-00200: Backup and Restore
- 449 5.4.2 TR-600-100-00300: Platform Portability

## 450 Appendix A Standards and Conventions

This document narrative descriptions of the standards and conventions referred to in the functional and technical requirements. The Internet Engineering Task Force is used as a reference and as the default for standards and conventions that are not otherwise superseded by those identified here. For the subset of standards and conventions that pertain only to web-related services and interfaces, we refer to the World-Wide Web Consortium (W3C) unless explicity superseded in this Appendix.

### 456 A.1 Operating Systems (OS)

All conventional operating systems may be employed. If there is an exceptional consideration or doubt about a particular OS or version, it should be submitted as a review item for explicit consideration by the TWG.

#### 460 A.2 Metadata Schema

There are many important metadata standards that bear consideration. Examples include:

- 1. Ecological Metadata Language ([22], [30]),
- 2. Open Geospatial Metadata
- 3. FGDC

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For that reason, the metadata schema recommended here is referred to as a multilateral metadata convention that supports the production of arbitrary metadata files to support compliance with the current and future complement of metadata interfaces: it is designed to be independent of any particular standard but compatible with most.

The metadata schema in Appendix B, Listing 1 is the default schema. It may be augmented. It is intended to be the basis of all metadata interoperability schemas derived from it for integration purposes as required to integrate with other systems and catalogues. This metadata schema is dependent on the controlled vocabulary standard described in section A.3.

#### A.3 Controlled Vocabulary

Controlled vocabulary is referenced to existing community standards where they exist. The OWIA will conform to the community standards listed here and these will be superseded by the OWIA Controlled Vocabulary when there is a conflict.

- 477 (1) CF Conventions and Metadata: Standard Names,
- 478 (2) World Meteorological Organization Practices,
- 479 (3) Open Geospatial Consortium WaterML 2.0,
- 480 (4) OWIA Standard Names (TBD).

#### 481 A.4 Georeferencing

Most data within the OWIA federation will require georeferencing. The default reference for definitions of map projections, use of datums and related geospatial standards and conventions will be [38]. Snyder and EPSG, PROJ.4, GDAL.

#### A.5 Intellectual Property Rights

Data published by the OWIA federation is governed by at least one of the following licensing mechanisms:

487 (1) GNU Public License

#### 488 (2) Creative Commons

#### 489 A.6 Trusted Archives

- Trusted archives are digital object repositories where data published within the OWIA community can be reliably found. These may not be the only locations but they are considered to be the primary authoritative sources of copies of digital objects. The criteria used to determine trusted archive status are those of the
- 493 (1) USGS Acceptable Digital Repositories for USGS Scientific Publications and Data,
- 494 (2) CoreTrustSeal,

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- 495 (3) DIN 31644 Information and documentation Criteria for trustworthy digital archives, and
- (4) ISO 16363:2012 Space data and information transfer systems Audit and certification of trustworthy
   digital repositories.
  - OWIA trusted archives include:
- 499 (1) University of California (in discussion),
- 500 (2) California Department of Water Resources (TBD).

#### 501 A.7 Digital Objects

Digital objects are anything that can be stored and retrieved from within the file system of an operating system. Streaming data presented to a display device are not considered to be digital objects since the data contained in the stream is not stored and cannot be directly used in reproducible analyses or unambiguously referred to or re-used. A suggested approach to employing data of this type is to checkpoint the stream into a file which can be used as a stored digital object.

#### 507 A.8 File Formats and Data Encodings

Recommended file formats and data encodings are summarized in Table 2. The default standard for character encodings is UTF-8 [25] with extended ASCII as a secondary alternative.

August 17, 2018

**Table 2:** Classification of file formats, content and related interoperability features. References are supplied in brackets and listed in the bibliography.

OWIA Class	File Type	Structure	Encoding	Georeferencing	Controlled Vocabulary	Interoperability Tools
Level 1	Comma-separated Values (*.csv)	Record-oriented, Scalar (Integer, Float), Text	ASCII, UTF-8	EPSG [21], DAU-County, HUC10/12 [44]	OWIA, CF [3]	Any
	Spread-sheet (*.ods [43])	Record-oriented, Scalar (Integer, Float), Text	ASCII, UTF-8	EPSG	OWIA, CF	Any
	Geospatial (GDAL-supported)	Raster	Binary	EPSG	OWIA, CF	GDAL
		Vector	Any	EPSG	OWIA, CF	GDAL [8], ogr2ogr, QGIS [35], GRASS [10], GMT [45]
	NetCDF [42]	Multi-dimensional, self-documenting	Binary	EPSG [21], DAU-County, HUC10/12	OWIA, CF	NetCDF API, NCL, NCO [46], GMT
	Text-processing	Rich Text Format (rtf), free-text	Binary	N/A	OWIA, CF	OpenOffice, LibreOffice, rtf2latex, rtf2html
		TeX [40]	ASCII, UTF-8, human-readable	N/A	OWIA, CF	latex2rtf, latex2html, tex4h
Level 0	Microsoft Excel Spreadsheets (*.xlsx, *.xls)	Cell, Worksheet	Binary	No	No	OpenOffice [32], LibreOffice [28]
	Microsoft Word Documents (*.docx, *.doc)	Free-text	Binary	No	No	OpenOffice, LibreOffice
	DBMS Export	Human-readable	ASCII, UTF-8 (*.txt)	No	No	None
	ESRI Geodatabase	Proprietary	Binary	No	No	QGIS (GDAL-enabled)
	NetCDF	Multi-dimensional, self-documenting	Binary	Any	Any	NetCDF API, NCL, NCO, GMT
Inadmissible DBMS		Database Structure and Schema	Any	Any	Any	None
	Proprietary w/o Interoperability Tools	Proprietary	Any	Any	Any	None

# 510 A.9 Cross-referencing Services

Cross-referencing services are used to support global searching for digital objects published using the OWIA standards and conventions. The default system is the University of California's EZID service.

#### 513 A.10 Commercial Search Services

514 Commercial search services using the WWW are typified by Google.

## Appendix B Metadata Schema

#### **Listing 1:** The current metadata schema.

```
516
      # Canonical Collection
517
      518
      OWIA_CanonicalCollection_ArchivistEmail, "VARCHAR(50000)", "Required", "1", "OWIA", "Manager Email"
      OWIA_CanonicalCollection_ArchivistInstitution, "VARCHAR(50000)", "Required", "1", "OWIA", "Manager Institution"
520
      OWIA_CanonicalCollection_ArchivistName ,"VARCHAR(50000)","Required","1","OWIA","Manager Name" OWIA_CanonicalCollection_ArchivistPhone ,"VARCHAR(50000)","Required","1","OWIA","Manager Phone"
521
522
      OWIA_CanonicalCollection_CollectionIdentifier, "VARCHAR(50000)", "Required", "1", "OWIA", "Collection Identifier" OWIA_CanonicalCollection_ControlledVocabulary, "VARCHAR(50000)", "Required", "1", "OWIA", "Controlled Vocabulary"
523
      OWIA_CanonicalCollection_Creator, "VARCHAR(50000)", "Required", "1", "OWIA", "Creator of collection"
OWIA_CanonicalCollection_Description, "VARCHAR(50000)", "Required", "1", "OWIA", "Thorough Description of collection"
OWIA_CanonicalCollection_Language, "VARCHAR(50000)", "Required", "1", "OWIA", "Language"
525
527
      OWIA_CanonicalCollection_MTFVersion, "VARCHAR(50000)", "Required", "1", "OWIA", "MTFVersion"
      OWIA_CanonicalCollection_Dublisher ,"VARCHAR(50000)", "Required","1","OWIA","Ontology"
OWIA_CanonicalCollection_Publisher ,"VARCHAR(50000)","Required","1","OWIA","Publisher of collection"
OWIA_CanonicalCollection_Subject ,"VARCHAR(50000)","Required","1","OWIA","General Subject area of collection"
OWIA_CanonicalCollection_Title ,"VARCHAR(50000)","Required","1","OWIA","Specific Title of collection"
530
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      533
      # Canonical ADO
534
      535
      OWIA_CanonicalADO_ADOIdentifier, "VARCHAR(50000)", "Required", "1", "OWIA", "ADO Identifier' OWIA_CanonicalADO_ADOVersion, "VARCHAR(50000)", "Required", "1", "OWIA", "ADO Version"
      OWIA_CanonicalADO_AccessControl, "VARCHAR(50000)", "Required", "1", "OWIA", "Access Control for this object"
538
      OWIA_CanonicalADO_Author, "VARCHAR(50000)", "Required", "1", "OWIA", "Author" OWIA_CanonicalADO_BlockTypes, "VARCHAR(50000)", "Required", "1", "OWIA", "Major data block types" OWIA_CanonicalADO_Children, "VARCHAR(50000)", "Required", "1", "OWIA", "Children"
539
540
541
      OWIA_CanonicalADO_CollectionIdentifier, "VARCHAR(50000)", "Required", "1", "OWIA", "Collection Identifier"
542
      OWIA_CanonicalADO_ContentFilenames, "VARCHAR(50000)", "Required", "1", "OWIA", "Content Filenames"
      OWIA_CanonicalADO_Contributor,"VARCHAR(50000)"," Required","1","OWIA"," Contributor of this upload"
544
      OWIA_CanonicalADO_ControlledVocabulary, "VARCHAR(50000)", "Required", "1", "OWIA", "Controlled Vocabulary"
545
      OWIA_CanonicalADO_Creator, "VARCHAR(50000)", "Required", "1", "OWIA", "Coverage min max lat lon"
OWIA_CanonicalADO_Creator, "VARCHAR(50000)", "Required", "1", "OWIA", "Original creator of object"
547
      OWIA_CanonicalADO_DOI, "VARCHAR(50000)", "Required", "1", "OWIA", "Digital Object Identifier"
      OWIA_CanonicalADO_Date, "DATE", "Required", "1", "OWIA", "Date of publication into collection"
OWIA_CanonicalADO_Description, "VARCHAR(50000)", "Required", "1", "OWIA", "Description including importance"
OWIA_CanonicalADO_ExpertLevel, "VARCHAR(50000)", "Required", "1", "OWIA", "Expert Level"
549
550
551
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552
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## 646 Appendix C Controlled-Vocabulary

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652
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653
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658
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665
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666
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667
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668
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674
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675
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684
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688
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695
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698
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699
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701
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706
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707
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713
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718
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725
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726
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727
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729
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730
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732
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733
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735
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737
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738
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   Managed Wetlands, 7e, Deep Percolation to Nevada, MW7E
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743
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744
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745
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750
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751
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752
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753
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756
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757
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758
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765
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768
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769
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770
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771
   Urban, 19a, Return Flow to Developed Supply (Other DAUCO - within PA), URB19A
772
   Urban, 19b, Return Flow to Developed Supply (Other PA), URB19B
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775
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778
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779
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783
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784
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785
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793
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794
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797
   Urban, 32, Conveyance Applied Water Use, AWUURBC
798
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818
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843
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927
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928
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929
   Wild and Scenic Rivers, 6, Net Water Use (Applied Water - Reuse), WSR6
   Wild and Scenic Rivers, 7, Net Water Use (ETAW + Flow/Salt Sink + Outflow), WSR7
   Wild and Scenic Rivers, 8, Depletion, WSR8
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# 933 Appendix D Data Sources

# 934 Appendix E Support for AB1755

The OWIA provides complete support for the open-data and transparency requirement of the AB1755 legislation. Table 4 summarizes the relationship between the functional requirements and the objectives stated in the AB1755 bill.

August 17, 2018

**Table 3:** Traceability of AB1755 objectives (columns) to OWIA SOPs by use case (rows).

Identifier	Name	Data Sharing	Documentation	Quality Control	Public Access	Open-source platforms and decision support tools
FR-100-100	Data Acquisition	X				11
FR-100-110	*-Manual-	X				
FR-100-120	*-Automated-	X				
FR-200-100	Quality Control-*-	X		X		
FR-200-110	*-Verification-	X		X		
FR-200-120	*-*-Documentation	X	X	X		
FR-200-130	*-*-Reproducibility	X		X		
FR-200-140	*-*-Data Traceability	X		X		
FR-200-150	*-Standardization-	X	X	X		X
FR-200-160	*-*-File-naming Conventions	X	X	X		X
FR-200-170	*-Interoperable Transformation-	X		X		X
FR-200-180	*-*-Separation of Data and Computation	X		X		X
FR-200-190	*-*-Data Interoperability	X	X	X		X
FR-200-200	*-*-Products or Resources	X		X		X
FR-300-100	Publication-*-	X	X		X	
FR-300-110	*-Cross-Referencing-Service-	X	X		X	
FR-300-120	*-*-Assignment of Digital Object Identifiers	X	X		X	
FR-300-130	*-Packaging-	X			X	
FR-300-140	*-*-Compression Methods	X			X	
FR-300-150	*-*-Archive File Formatting	X			X	
FR-300-160	*-Archival-	X			X	
FR-300-170	*-*-Open Access Distribution	X			X	
FR-400-100	Data Traceability-*-	X	X		X	
FR-400-110	*-Metadata Production-	X	X		X	
FR-400-120	*-Intellectual Property Rights Management-	X	X		X	
FR-400-130	*-Public Law Compliance-	X	X		X	
FR-400-140	*-Licensing-	X	X		X	
FR-400-150	*-Liability-	X	X		X	
FR-400-160	*-Searching-	X			X	
FR-400-170	*-*-Cross-referencing System Integration	X			X	
FR-400-180	*-*-Search Engine Optimization	X			X	
FR-400-190	*-Version Control-	X	X			
FR-400-200	*-*-Binary Data	X	X			
FR-400-210	*-*-Non-Binary Data	X	X			
FR-400-220	*-Anomaly Reporting-	X	X			
FR-500-100	System Portability-*-					X
FR-500-110	*-Backup and Restore-					X
FR-500-120	*-Platform Portability-					X
FR-600-100	External Interfaces-*-	X				X
FR-600-110	*-Data and Metadata Acquisition-	X				X
FR-600-120	*-Data and Metadata Distribution-	X				X

# Appendix F Traceability Tables

The traceability tables for *stakeholder objectives to functional requirements* and functional requirements to technical requirements are listed below in Tables 4 and ??, respectively. These tables are provided to assist in the evaluation of change proposals and design approaches in order to understand more conveniently how any proposed change may ripple through the OWIA in unintended way and to provide a sound basis for engineering analysis of the interdependencies of the requirements both functional and technical as they bear upon project management and design decisions.

Table 4: Traceability Table: Objective O-1100-1000 to Functional Requirements. This is an example of what subordinate Technical Requirements might resolve to and is meant only to characterize what *Resolution* of Functional Requirements might look like in a Technical Proposal.

	tional iirement	Label	Resolution
FR-10	00-100	Data Acquisition-*-NULL	
FR-10	00-110	*-Manual-NULL	Level 0: HTTP scraping (cf. Table ?? for UC001)
FR-10	00-120	*-Automated-NULL	Level 0: Stored procedures for updating
	00-100	Quality Control-*-NULL	
FR-20	00-110	*-Verification-NULL	Stored programs and transformation of Level 0 sources to OWIA standards, Compute checksums and version control a list of the checksums.
FR-20	00-120	*-*-Documentation	OWIA Standard Formats
FR-20	00-130	*-*-Reproducibility	Stored procedures and input data with descriptive metadata.
FR-20	00-140	*-*-Data Traceability	OWIA Level 0 metadata generation, OWIA standard Level 0 processing
FR-20	00-150	*-Standardization-NULL	OWIA Level 0 standard processing (verification of contents, anomaly detection, missing value coding)
FR-20	00-160	*-*-File-naming Conventions	OWIA Level 0 naming convention
	00-160	*-*-File-naming Conventions	Level 0 verification of data access and reproduction of quality control and standardization
FR-20	00-170	*-Interoperable Transformation-NULL	Level 0 metadata verification
FR-20	00-180	*-*-Separation of Data and Computation	
	00-190	*-*-Data Interoperability	EZID (External Interface)
	00-200	*-*-Products or Resources	(1) The water manager must identify potential source(s) of water, and for each determine the quantity and timing of water availab for recharge and its cost. (2) To determine where the project should be located, the water manager must examine different options based on basin capacity and suitability of recharge areas; parcel data indicating available land and land values; and water quality implications based on current or past land use and the design of the project. (3) To determine the best method for recharge, basin characteristics such as subsurface characteristics, soil types, topography, current and planned land use, and basin capacity must be taken into account.
	00-100	Publication-*-NULL	Level 0 Metadata Production
	00-110	*-Cross-Referencing-Service-NULL	Transfer to Trusted Archive with public facing HTTPS server
	00-120	*-*-Assignment of Digital Object Identifiers	Identifier Assignment (e.g., EZID) via External Interface
	00-130	*-Packaging-NULL	AB1755
	00-140	*-*-Compression Methods	Lossless
	00-150 00-160	*-*-Archive File Formatting *-Archival-NULL	tar.gz, zip  Data shall be placed in a trusted archive for access and delivery using OWIA-compliant external interfaces.
	00-100	*-*-Open Access Distribution	ftp, http, rsync, scp, sftp, export
	00-170	Data Traceability-*-NULL	Via DOIs for parents and siblings.
	00-110	*-Metadata Production-NULL	Lossless
	00-120	*-Intellectual Property Rights Management-NULL	Attribution 4.0 International (CC BY 4.0), Attribution-NonCommercial 4.0 International (CC BY-NC 4.0)
FR-40	00-130	*-Public Law Compliance-NULL	AB1755
	00-140	*-Licensing-NULL	Compute checksums and version control a list of the checksums.
FR-40	00-150	*-Liability-NULL	OWIA-standard version control system
FR-40	00-160	*-Searching-NULL	OWIA bug tracking system
FR-40	00-170	*-*-Cross-referencing System Integration	Crossref, DataCite
FR-40	00-180	*-*-Search Engine Optimization	Google bots
ED 40	00-190	*-Version Control-NULL	Open-source systems verified on Linux, Windows, OSX

Version	
2.0	

OWIA System Requirements Document

August	FR-400-200	*-*-Binary Data	Naming convention.
<u>6</u>	FR-400-210	*-*-Non-Binary Data	ASCII-based version control systems (e.g., git, svn, mercurial)
1St	FR-400-220	*-Anomaly Reporting-NULL	Curatorial email address
17,	FR-500-100	System Portability-*-NULL	Open-source operation on major operating systems.
	FR-500-110	*-Backup and Restore-NULL	Rsync-based
20	FR-500-120	*-Platform Portability-NULL	Demonstrated operation across major platforms: Linux, OSX, Windows
18	FR-600-100	External Interfaces-*-NULL	Uniquely identified per the Interface Control Appendix.
$\infty$	FR-600-110	*-Data and Metadata Acquisition-NULL	Compliant with OWIA standards and conventions
	FR-600-120	*-Data and Metadata Distribution-NULL	Compliant with OWIA standards and conventions

## Glossary

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#### 44 **federated** See Federation 1

**federation** A federation is a group of data providers and users using jointly agreed-upon standards of operation in a collective fashion to ensure the interoperability of the resources they collectively hold and employ. The term may be used, for example, when describing the interoperation of distinct cyber-infrastructure networks with different internal structures. The term may also be used when human groups agree to collectively manage cyberinfrastructure development and operation using commonly held, and managed, requirements, standards and conventions, and operating procedures to ensure the interoperability of distinct cyberinfrastructure resources (cf. Wikipedia Definition). 1, 29

#### **Federation** See federation 29

interoperability The ability of computer systems or software to exchange and make use of data (adapted from the Oxford English Dictionary). 29

procedures An established or official way of doing something (Oxford English Dictionary). 1, 29

protocol Protocols are methods of implementing a set of objectives and requirements in a systematic way. In computing, protocols mean both specific implementations of methods such as HTTP [26] and FTP [23] and, more generally as described by the *Internet Engineering Task Force*, protocols are sequences of processing steps that are also referred to as procedures [24]. 7

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